Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements, and *Government Auditing Standards* Report (with Independent Auditor's Report Thereon) From April 6, 2022 (Inception) to September 30, 2022





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Contents	
Independent Auditor's Report	3-5
Management's Discussion	6-12
Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and Government Fund Balance Sheet	13
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	14
Notes to Financial Statements	15-26
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	27-28



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### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major fund information of the Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation (the "Corporation"), a blended component unit of the Government of U.S. Virgin Islands, from April 6, 2022 (Inception) to September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and the major fund information of the Corporation, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and fund balance for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.



We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report April 26, 2024 on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

> BDO USA R.C. (formerly known as BDO USA, LLP)

April 26, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The purpose of the following management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of the Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation (the "Corporation") is to help readers understand the basic financial statements of the Corporation as of September 30, 2022, and for the initial period of operations from April 6, 2022, to September 30, 2022. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

### The Corporation

The Corporation is a special purpose, independent and autonomous public corporation and governmental instrumentality of the Government of the United States Virgin Islands (the "Government"), incorporated under the provisions of the Virgin Islands Act No. 8540, effective February 8, 2022, adding Chapter 24 to Title 29 of the Virgin Islands Code (the "Act"). On April 6, 2022, the Corporation issued the Matching Fund Securitization Bonds, Series 2022A (the "Series 2022A Bonds") and Taxable Series 2022B (the "Series 2022B Bonds") pursuant to: (i) the Act, (ii) Resolution No. 2 adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on February 22, 2022, and (iii) the Master Trust Indenture as of April 1, 2022 (the "Master Indenture") as supplemented by the First Supplemental Trust Indenture dated April 1, 2022, by and between the Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the "Trustee").

The Series 2022A and Series 2022B Bonds were issued by the Corporation to (i) purchase from the Government the right, title and interest in Matching Fund Receipts (MFRs) received from the United States Department of Treasury, (ii) to pay capitalized interest on a portion of the Series 2022 Bonds and (iii) to pay certain costs of issuing the Series 2022 Bonds. The purchase price was the net proceeds of the Series 2022 Bonds and the issuance of a Residual Certificate to the Government entitling the Government to receive residual matching fund rights after required payments for debt service, corporate expenses and other obligations of the Corporation are paid.

The Act provides for the refunding and defeasance of the previously issued Matching Fund Bonds of the Public Finance Authority ("PFA") to which the Matching Fund Receipts had been pledged with the stated goal of freeing up funds to provide financial stability and liquidity to the Government's defined benefit pension system, the Government Employee Retirement System of the Virgin Islands ("GERS"). The net proceeds of the Series 2022A and Series 2022B bonds were used to repurchase and defease the PFA Matching Fund Bonds. The Act provided for PFA to issue the GERS Funding Note with sixty (60) payments to GERS from April 2022 to October 2051 in amounts ranging from \$73.6 million to \$157.9 million. The Government has secured the GERS Funding Note with residual matching fund receipts as the holder of the Residual Certificate.

The Government has also pledged the residual matching fund receipts for the payment of certain subsidy and incentive payments due to the two rum companies that produce rum in the Virgin Islands and export to the United States. Subsidy and incentive payments include molasses subsidy payments for each gallon of molasses purchased for use in the production of rum, bulk rum productive incentive payments, branded rum production incentive payments and marketing support and rum promotion support payments.

As of September 30, 2022, the Corporation had outstanding bonds of \$979.6 million including net amortized bond premiums of \$26.8 million.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's basic financial statements. The Corporation's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Governmental fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to Financial Statements.

• The Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet include all of the Corporation's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets), deferred charges on the purchase of matching fund rights (deferred outflows of resources), and the obligations to Corporation creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the Corporation, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Corporation.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position is prepared on an economic resources measurement focus and reports information about the Corporation using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies (accrual basis of accounting) and presents all assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities of the Corporation. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet focuses on the Corporation's balances of spendable resources available for the payment of expenditures, including payment of debt service requirements at the end of the fiscal year.

- The activity of the Corporation from inception of operations on April 6, 2022, to September 30, 2022, is accounted for in the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. These statements measure the success of the Corporation's operations over the stated period and can be used to determine the Corporation's ability to meet its financial objectives and creditworthiness.
- The Statement of Activities presents information on how the Corporation's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided within.

# Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation

(A Blended Component Unit of the Government of the U.S. Virgin Islands)

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

### Summary of Financial Results

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position (Deficit) - Table 1 summarizes the Corporation's Statement of Net Position (Deficit) as of September 30, 2022.

September 30,	2022
Assets	
Restricted	\$ 122,706
Total accets	122 704
Total assets	122,706
Deferred outflows of resources	703,345
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 826,051
Liabilities	
Accrued expenses	\$ 23,496
Unearned matching fund receipts	226,165
Bonds payable, net of bond premium	979,585
Total liabilities	1,229,246
Net position (deficit):	
Restricted for debt services	122,706
Unrestricted deficit	(525,901)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (403,195)

### Table 1: Summary of Statement of Net Position (Deficit) (in thousands)

As of September 30, 2022, the Corporation's assets amounted to \$122.7 million including \$30.9 million in restricted cash and equivalents, and \$91.8 million in restricted investments. Bond proceeds of \$112.2 million were used to fund the capitalized interest account, to fund the costs of issuance account in the amount of \$14.4 million and to make payments of \$90.8 million to the Public Finance Authority for the GERS Funding Note and the costs of issuing the GERS Funding Note. The Corporation also received \$226.2 million in advance MFRs of which \$10.5 million was retained by the Corporation for debt service requirements and operating costs and \$215.7 million was remitted to the Residual Receipts Escrow Agent. Investment income for the period ended September 30, 2022, amounted to \$614 thousand and the Corporation reported a \$1.1 million decline in the market value of investments.

As of September 30, 2022, the Corporation's liabilities amounted to \$1.2 billion mainly due to the issuance of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds in the amount of \$952.8 million, bond premiums amounting to \$28.1 million, and the receipt of unearned matching fund receipts amounting to \$226.2 million. The Corporation also reported accrued interest expense of \$23.3 million and other accrued expenses of \$227 thousand.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Statement of Activities - Table 2 summarizes the Corporation's Statement of Activities for the period of April 6, 2022, the inception of corporate activities, to September 30, 2022.

# Table 2: Summary of Statement of Activities (in thousands)

From April 6, 2022 (Inception) to September 30,	2022
Revenues	\$ 614
Expenses	403,809
Change in net position (deficit)	(403,195)
Net position - beginning of period	-
Net position (deficit) - end of period	\$ (403,195)

For the period ended September 30, 2022, revenues of \$614 thousand reflect investment earnings on the capitalized interest restricted account.

The Corporation's expenses of \$403.8 million include general and administrative expenses of \$154.5 thousand, a decrease in the fair value of investments of \$1.1 million, amortization of deferred outflows of resources on the purchase of matching fund receipts of \$59.7 million, interest expense of \$21.9 million net of amortization of bond premiums of \$1.3 million, costs of issuance amounting to \$14.4 million, payments of residual receipts of \$215.7 million to the Residual Receipts escrow agent, and payments to the Public Finance Authority of \$90.8 million in connection with the GERS Funding Note.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet - Table 3 summarizes the Corporation's Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2022.

# Table 3: Summary of Governmental Fund Balance Sheet(in thousands)

September 30,	 2022
Restricted assets	\$ 122,706
Total assets	122,706
Deferred outflow of resources Purchase of matching fund rights	703,345
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	826,051
Total liabilities	226,392
Fund balance	\$ 599,659

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

For fiscal year, the Corporation's restricted assets, as reported on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, amounted to \$122.7 million, including \$30.9 million in restricted cash and equivalents, and \$91.8 million in restricted investments. Deferred outflows of resources represent the purchase of matching fund rights of \$763 million net of amortization of \$59.6 million. Liabilities of the Corporation include accrued expenses of \$227 thousand and unearned matching fund receipts of \$226.2 million.

The Summary of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Table 4 summarizes the Corporation's Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the period of April 6, 2022, the inception of corporate activities, to September 30, 2022.

### Table 4: Summary of Debt Service Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (In thousands)

From April 6, 2022 (Inception) to September 30,	2022
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 614 367,468
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(366,854)
Other financing sources (uses)	966,513
Net Change in Fund Balance	599,659
Fund balance - beginning of period	-
Fund balance - end of period	\$ 599,659

Revenues of \$614 thousand for the period ended September 30, 2022, reflect the receipt of investment earnings. The Corporation's expenditures include general and administrative expenses of \$154.5 thousand, a decrease in the fair value of investments of \$1.1 million, amortization of deferred outflows on the purchase of matching fund rights of \$59.6 million, payment or Residual Receipts of MFRs to the Residual Receipt escrow agent of \$215.7 million, and payments to the PFA in connection with the GERS Funding Note of \$90.8 million.

### Long-Term Debt Activity

On April 6, 2022, the Corporation issued the Series 2022A and Taxable Series 2022B Matching Fund Securitization Bonds ("Series 2022A and B Bonds") in the amount of \$952.8 million. The Series 2022A and B Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$28.1 million. The bonds are secured by a pledge of Matching Fund Receipts ("MFRs") and certain accounts established by the First Supplemental Trust Indenture between the Corporation and Trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Series 2022A Bonds maturing on October 1, 2039, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the election or direction of the Corporation, in whole or in part, on any date on or after October 1, 2032, at a Redemption Price of par plus any accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The Series 2022B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the election or direction of the Corporation, on any date at a redemption price equal to the greater of (a) the principal amount of such Series 2022B Bonds to be redeemed, or (b) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal interest, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption at the U.S. Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points plus accrued interest. The "Make Whole Optional Redemption" of the Series 2022B Bonds will be calculated by an independent accounting firm or advisor retained by the Corporation.

Interest on the Series 2022A and B Bonds is payable semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1, beginning October 1, 2022. Principal payments are due October 1st, beginning October 1, 2025. A capitalized interest account was funded on the issuance of the bonds in the amount of \$112.2 million. An initial payment of capitalized interest of \$18.3 million was made on October 1, 2022, and subsequent annual payments of \$18.8 million will continue semi-annually through April 1, 2025. The Corporation's bond rating by Kroll Bond Rating Agency ("KBRA") was BBB with an outlook of stable operations.

Outstanding Bonds (in thousands of dollars)	Total Series	Series 2022A	Series 2022B
Beginning balance	\$-	Ş -	\$ -
New issuances	952,825	930,315	22,510
Principal payments	-	-	-
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 952,825	\$ 930,315	\$ 22,510

The table below summarizes bond activity during the year:

### Significant Currently Known Facts

The following are currently known facts that could have a potential significant effect on financial position and changes in financial position in future years:

### Payment Collections

MFR collections may vary based on the demand for rum products and the fluctuating price and availability of molasses. Future levels of consumption of distilled spirits, or rum consumption, or the future market share to be garnered by U.S. Virgin Islands rum is unknown. Molasses, the principal ingredient of rum, is traded in the international commodity markets and there can be no assurance that molasses will be available for U.S. Virgin Islands rum production at a commercially viable price.

Rum products are produced by two Virgin Islands companies. Interruptions in production by the two companies may result in a reduction of MFRs. The Virgin Islands is subject to windstorms and seismic activity which may also adversely impact molasses importation or the operations of the distilleries.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The ability of the Corporation to make debt service payments on bonds is contingent upon the receipt of MFR payments. The bonds issued by the Corporation do not constitute a claim against the full faith, credit, or taxing powers of the Government of the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Contacting the Corporation's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Corporation's customers, creditors, and other interested persons with a general overview of its finances and to demonstrate the Corporation's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact:

Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation P.O. Box 430 St. Thomas, VI 00804 340-714-1635 **Financial Statements** 

# Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation (A Blended Component Unit of the Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority)

# Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (in thousands)

September 30, 2022		Debt ices Fund	٨٨	justments	-	tatement of Net Position (Deficit)
	50, 2022		Au	Justments		(201010)
Assets						
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,880	\$		\$	30,880
Investments	Ş	91,826	ç	-	ç	91,826
Investments		91,020		-		91,820
Total assets		122,706		-		122,706
Deferred outflows of resources						
Purchase of matching fund rights		703,345		-		703,345
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	826,051	\$	-	\$	826,051
Liabilities						
Accrued expenses	\$	227	\$	-	\$	227
Interest payable		-		23,269		23,269
Unearned matching fund revenue		226,165		-		226,165
Bonds payable, net of bond premium		-		979,585		979,585
Total liabilities		226,392		1,002,854		1,229,246
Fund balance						
Restricted for debt services		122,706		(122,706)		-
Unassigned fund balance (deficit)		476,953		(476,953)		-
Total fund balance		599,659		(599,659)		-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	826,051	\$	403,195	\$	1,229,246
Net position (deficit):						
Restricted for debt services	\$	-	\$	122,706	\$	122,706
Unrestricted deficit		-		(525,901)		(525,901)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	-	\$	(403,195)	\$	(403,195)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation (A Blended Component Unit of the Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority)

# Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (in thousands)

From April 6, 2022 (Inception) to September 30, 2022		Debt vices Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position (Deficit)
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	614	\$ -	\$ 614
Total revenues		614	-	614
Expenditures/Expenses				
General and administrative		154	-	154
Cost of issuance		-	14,373	14,373
Decrease in fair value of investments		1,137	-	1,137
Interest expense		-	21,968	21,968
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources		59,651	-	59,651
Payment of residual receipts to escrow agent		215,697	-	215,697
Payment to GERS Funding Note Trustee		90,829	-	90,829
Total expenditures/expenses		367,468	36,341	403,809
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures/expenses		(366,854)	(36,341)	(403,195)
Other Financing Sources (uses)				
Bond proceeds		952,825	(952,825)	-
Premium on bonds		28,061	(28,061)	-
Costs of issuance		(14,373)	14,373	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		966,513	(966,513)	-
Net change in fund balance/net position (deficit)		599,659	(1,002,854)	(403,195)
Fund balance/net position (deficit) beginning of period		-	-	-
End of period	\$	599,659	\$ (1,002,854)	\$ (403,195)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. Reporting Entity

The Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation (the Corporation) is a specialpurpose, independent and autonomous public corporation and governmental instrumentality of the United States Virgin Islands incorporated on February 8, 2022. The Corporation was organized as a Virgin Islands nonprofit corporation in accordance with Title 13, Chapter 3 Section 491 of the Virgin Islands Code and Act No. 8540 passed by the Virgin Islands Legislature on January 31, 2022. The Corporation is a blended component unit of the Government of the Virgin Islands (Government). The Board of Directors of the Corporation includes the Governor and four private citizens appointed by the Governor.

The Corporation was created to: (i) purchase from the Government the right, title and interest to receive federal excise taxes on rum products produced in the Virgin Islands and exported to the United States (the Matching Fund Receipts or MFRs) imposed and collected under Title 26, Section 7652 of the United States Code, (ii) issue Matching Funds Securitization Bonds and a Residual Certificate, (iii) use the net proceeds of the Bonds to acquire the Government's interest and title in the MFRs and fund payments set forth in the Master Trust Indenture between the Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, (iv) provide an irrevocable direction to the Department of the Interior (DOI) to direct the Department of the Treasury (U.S. Treasury) to make annual payments of MFRs to the GVI Restricted Account, owned by the Government, and (v) to fund the Residual Fund with MFRs after the payment of debt service on the bonds, costs of the issuance, maintenance of reserve funds, other obligations and operating expenses of the Corporation.

Act 8540 authorized the creation of the Corporation, and the issuance of the Matching Fund Securitization Bonds, to increase revenues to be dedicated to improve the solvency of the Government Employee's Retirement System of the U.S. Virgin Islands (GERS). GERS is a multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that the plan actuaries predicted would be insolvent by October 2024. The issuance of the Matching Fund Securitization Bonds provides a plan of finance to defease the existing bonds with pledged MFRs issued by the Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority (PFA), and to provide Residual Revenues for the establishment of a loan from the Public Finance Authority to GERS (GERS Funding Note) to promote the solvency of the pension plan.

The Corporation is a blended component unit of the Government of the U.S. Virgin Islands. The financial statements of the Corporation are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Government. Only the accounts of the Corporation are included in the reporting entity. There are no component units that should be considered for inclusion in the Corporation's financial statements.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted, standard-setting body for establishing governmental and financial reporting standards.

### Basis of Presentation

The Corporation's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting on the corporation as a whole) and governmental fund financial statements.

### Notes to Financial Statements

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, i.e., the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and the Statement of Activities, report on all activities of the Corporation. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the Corporation as an entity and the change in the Corporation's net position resulting from current period activities.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

### Fund Financial Statements

In addition to the government-wide financial statements, the Corporation has prepared fund financial statements, i.e., a governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The fund financial statements include a reconciliation of the governmental Balance Sheet to the government-wide Statement of Net Position (Deficit), and a reconciliation of the governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded as soon as they are considered measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Corporation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except that principal and interest on long-term debt is recognized when due.

The Corporation reports one governmental fund —the Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund reports the accumulation of resources restricted for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds payable and the payment of Residual Receipts to the Residual Receipt escrow agent. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **Restricted Assets**

The use of certain assets of the Corporation is restricted by specific provisions of bond resolutions and the bond Master Trust Indenture. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Corporation considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date acquired by the Corporation to be cash and cash equivalents.

# Notes to Financial Statements

#### Investments

The Corporation reports investments at fair value, based on quoted market prices. In accordance with fair value measurements established in GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, the Corporation values investments at quoted market prices when available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments or values obtained from independent pricing services.

### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Under GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, the Corporation recognized the purchase price of the matching fund rights from the Government as a deferred outflow that is amortized over the transfer period of the Sale Agreement date to the final term of the outstanding Matching Fund Securitization Bonds.

### Accrued Expenses Payable

The Corporation has entered into a services agreement with the PFA for professional services and the use of PFA office space and equipment. The Corporation also reimburses the PFA for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, bond issuance costs paid by PFA, and other costs. Amounts due and unpaid at year-end are reported as accrued expenses payable.

### Unearned Matching Fund Revenues

On April 6, 2022, the Corporation purchased the right, title and interest to receive the MFRs under the terms of the Assignment, Purchase and Sale Agreement (Sale Agreement) with the Government. MFRs are paid annually for the next fiscal year ending September 30 using estimates of the amount of rum to be shipped to the United States. In accordance with GASB Statement 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, tax revenues received in advance (unearned but available) are reported as an unearned revenue liability in the governmental and government-wide financial statements.

### Bonds Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, bonds payable are reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position (Deficit). Bond premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds they relate to using the effective interest method. Bonds are reported net of bond premiums.

In governmental funds, bond premiums received are recognized during current period as an other financing use. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source and principal payments on debt are reported as debt service expenditures.

### Fund Balance

Fund balance is the difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities. The majority of the Corporation's assets were derived from the sale of bonds and the collection of MFRs to be used for debt service payments.

# Notes to Financial Statements

Use of these assets is controlled by specific provisions of bond resolutions. As such, amounts derived from bond proceeds and revenue collections for debt service have been reported as restricted for debt service.

### Net Position

Net position is classified in the following components:

- Restricted net position consists of external constraints placed on net position use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of the remaining portion of net position that is not included in restricted net position.

### Taxes

The Corporation is exempt from the payment of all U.S. Virgin Islands taxes on all assets and income.

### Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements

Following are statements issued by GASB that are effective in future years:

GASB Statement No.		Adoption Effective in Fiscal Year (as Revised)
91	Conduit Debt Obligations	2023
94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements	2023
96	Subscription - Based Information Technology Arrangements	2023
98	The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report	2023
99	Omnibus 2022	2024
100	Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62	2024
101	Compensated Absences	2025
102	Certain Risk Disclosures	2025

### Notes to Financial Statements

Earlier application of these standards is permitted to the extent specified in each pronouncement as originally issued. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of these statements.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Corporation implemented the following standards:

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The Corporation has evaluated this Statement and has determined there is no impact on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The Corporation has evaluated this Statement and has determined there is no impact on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The Corporation has evaluated this Statement and has determined there is no impact on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this Statement is to offer guidance to governments that have entered into variable payments made or received depending on an interbank offered rate (IBOR). The Corporation has evaluated this Statement and has determined there is no impact on the financial statements as it does not have debt with variable interest rates.

GASB issued GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.* The objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and compatibility related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary financial statements, and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The Corporation has evaluated this Statement and has determined there is no impact on the financial statements as it does not have deferred compensation plans.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

(in thousands)	ands) Bank Balance	
Restricted: Cash	\$ 30,880	\$ 30,880
Total	\$ 30,880	\$ 30,880

Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent cash segregated for debt service due under the Corporation's debt agreements.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Corporation's deposit may not be returned. The Corporation does not have a custodial risk policy. The Corporation maintains its deposits at one financial institution, which, at times may exceed federally insured limits. Generally, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insures depositor funds up to \$250 thousand. The Corporation has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its deposits.

### 4. Restricted Investments

The Corporation maintains restricted investments for Debt Service. The Corporation categorizes the fair market measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, provides the framework for measuring fair value by establishing a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, that are either directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset is not observable, a government may evaluate fair market value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair market value hierarchy, the measurement is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

### Notes to Financial Statements

The following section describes the valuation technique methodologies the Corporation is using to measure assets at fair value:

- Level 1 Investments classified within Level 1 are valued based on quotes obtained from active public exchanges or reported on the national market and are stated at the last reported sales price on the day of valuation. Fair value of exchange-traded contracts is based upon exchange settlement prices.
- Level 2 Investments classified within Level 2 are valued by pricing vendors using outside data. In determining the fair value of the investments, the pricing vendors use a market approach and pricing spreads based on the credit risk of the issuer, maturity, current yield, and other terms and conditions of each security. The commercial paper, certificates of deposit, U.S. government, agency, and state and local government obligations, U.S. Treasury notes, and other debt securities are classified as Level 2 instruments as their fair value is based on quoted values stated by the bank's mark-to-market estimate using a stated fixed rate. The interest rate is observable at commonly quoted indexes for the full term of the instruments.
- Level 3 Investments in limited partnerships and private debt/direct lending are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Given the absence of market quotations, fair value is estimated using the information provided by the investment managers or general partners. The values are based on estimates that require varying degrees of judgment and, for fund investments, are primarily based on financial data supplied by the investment managers of the underlying funds.

Following are the investments of the Corporation categorized within the three-level fair value hierarchy:

	_	(In thousands)				
	September 30, 2022	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	
Investments with contractual maturities: U.S. government, agency, and state obligations Portfolio investments:	\$ 81,922	\$	-	\$ 81,922	\$	
Commercial paper	9,904		-	9,904		-
Total Restricted Investments	\$ 91,826	\$	-	\$ 91,826	\$	-

Restricted investments, categorized by investment type, and maturity, at September 30, 2022:

	September 30, 2022 (in thousands)				
Restricted Investments	Par Value	Fair Value	Weighted Maturity		
Investments with contractual maturities					
U.S. government, agency, state and local obligations	\$ 82,950	\$ 81,922	1.51 Years		
Portfolio investments Commercial paper	10,093	9,904	0.44 Years		
Restricted investments with contractual maturities	\$ 93,043	\$ 91,826			

## Notes to Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in an interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Corporation does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair market value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk* - The authorizing legislation of the Corporation does not limit investments by credit rating categories. On September 30, 2022, the Corporation's investment in Federal Home Loan Bank obligations and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. obligations were rated Aaa by Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poors. The Corporation's investment in the State of Connecticut bonds were rated Aa3 by Moody's and A+ by Standard & Poor's. Investments in county municipal bonds and commercial paper were not rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* - The Corporation places no limit on the amount that may be invested in one issuer. At September 30, 2022, more than 5% of the Corporation's investments were invested in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp obligations (62.85%), Federal Home Loan Bank obligations (20.96%), Beford Row Funding Corporation commercial paper (5.66%), State of Connecticut municipal bond (5.40%) and the Royal Bank of Canada New York commercial paper (5.12%).

*Custodial Credit Risk* - The Corporation does not have a custodial credit risk policy. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or other counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of an investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For the period ended September 30, 2022, all investments of the Corporation were held in the name of BNY Mellon Trust Company, N.A. as Trustee for the Corporation.

### 5. Deferred Outflow of Resources

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On April 6, 2022, the Corporation entered into an Assignment, Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Sale Agreement") with the Government. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Government sold its right to receive future matching fund receipts from the U.S. Treasury. The term of the Sale Agreement was for a transfer period beginning on the sale agreement date and ending when the last Matching Fund Securitization Bond is outstanding on October 1, 2039 (the "Transfer Period"). The Corporation issued the Series 2022 Bonds to purchase the rights and recognized the part of the purchase price used to defease the previously issued Matching Fund Bonds of the Public Finance Authority as a deferred outflow that is amortized over the life of the sale agreement.

Following is a summary of the deferred outflow amounts reported as of September 30, 2022:

Deferred Outflow of Resources (in thousands)	
Deferred outflow of resources - purchase of matching fund rights (MFRs)	\$ 762,996
Accumulated amortization	(59,651)
Net deferred outflow of resources on purchase of MFRs	\$ 703,345

Amortization of the deferred outflows amounted to \$59.7 million for the period ended September 30, 2022.

### 6. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable consisted of the following as of September 30, 2022:

Series (in thousands)	Maturity (October 1)	Original Issuance	Interest Rate	Yield	Bonds Outstanding
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2025	\$ 17,475	5.000%	4.050%	\$ 17,475
Series 2022B, Term Bond	2025	22,510	6.000%	4.000%	22,510
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2026	54,710	5.000%	4.150%	54,710
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2027	57,515	5.000%	4.250%	57,515
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2028	60,460	5.000%	4.300%	60,460
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2030	130,380	5.000%	4.433%	130,380
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2032	144,090	5.000%	4.522%	144,090
Series 2022A, Term Bond	2039	465,685	5.000%	4.730%	465,685
Subtotal		952,825			952,825
Bond premium		28,061			26,760
Bonds payable and premium		\$ 980,886			\$ 979,585

On April 6, 2022, the Corporation issued the Series 2022A and Taxable Series 2022B Matching Fund Securitization Bonds ("Series 2022A and B Bonds"), the proceeds of which amounted to \$952.8 million. The bonds are secured by a pledge of MFRs, and certain accounts established by the First Supplemental Trust Indenture between the Corporation and Trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company.

The Series 2022A and B Bonds were issued to: (i) purchase from the Government all of its right, title and interest in and to the MFRs, (ii) pay capitalized interest on the Series 2022 Bonds, (iii) pay the costs of issuance of the bonds, and (iv) transfer to the GERS Funding Note Trustee an amount sufficient to fund the GERS Funding Note Payment Obligations. The Series 2022A Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$28 million.

Interest on the Series 2022A and B Bonds is payable semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1, beginning October 1, 2022, and principal payments are due October 1, beginning October 1, 2025. A capitalized interest account was funded on the issuance of the bonds in the amount of \$112.2 million. Capitalized interest is applied to semi-annual interest payments with an initial payment of \$18.3 million on October 1, 2022, and subsequent payments of \$18.8 million through April 1, 2025. Interest for the year ended September 30, 2022 (paid October 1, 2022) amounted to \$23.3 million and amortization of bond premium amounted to \$1.3 million.

The Series 2022A Bonds maturing on October 1, 2039, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the election or direction of the Corporation, in whole or in part, on any date on or after October 1, 2032, at a Redemption Price of par plus any accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

The Series 2022B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the election or direction of the Corporation, on any date at a redemption price equal to the greater of (a) the principal amount of such Series 2022B Bonds to be redeemed, or (b) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal interest, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption at the U.S.

## Notes to Financial Statements

Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points plus accrued interest. The "Make Whole Optional Redemption" of the Series 2022B Bonds will be calculated by an independent accounting firm or advisor retained by the Corporation.

### Future Debt Service Requirements

Future maturity dates and debt service requirements for the 2022 Series A and Series B Term Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30, (in thousands)	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	Ş -	\$ 47,202	\$ 47,202	
2024	- Ç	47,866	47,866	
2025	-	47,866	47,866	
2026	39,985	46,754	86,739	
2027	54,710	44,274	98,984	
2028-2032	318,600	176,299	494,899	
2033-2037	409,055	85,793	494,848	
2037-2040	130,475	5,817	136,292	
Bonds payable and premium	\$ 952,825	\$ 501,871	\$ 1,454,696	

Following is the schedule of debt issuances and payments for the year ended September 30, 2022:

Change in Outstanding Debt (in thousands)	Total Series	Series 2022A	Series 2022B
Balance at September 30, 2021 New issuances Principal payments	\$ - 952,825 -	\$ - 930,315 -	\$ 22,510 -
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 952,825	\$ 930,315	\$ 22,510

### Other Bond Information

Act 8540 provides conditions of the issuance of the Matching Fund Securitization Bonds including: (i) a portion of the proceeds of the Series 2022 Bonds to be escrowed for the refunding of the Public Finance Authority Matching Fund Bonds, (ii) the Corporation to deliver an irrevocable letter of instruction to DOI for the deposit of MFRs, (iii) the deposit of MFRs into the GVI Restricted Account as required by 26 U.S.C. Section 7652, (iv) the issuance of the Residual Certificate to the Government, (v) the issuance of the GERS Funding Note for deposit as an in-kind contribution from the Public Finance Authority to GERS, and (vi) the release by GERS of all pending claims regarding outstanding employer contributions and dismissal of all pending litigation between the Government and GERS. These conditions were met, and the bonds were issued on April 6, 2022.

The GVI Restricted Account is the trust account established in the name of the Government, in trust and for the sole benefit of the Corporation, and the Corporation's collateral assignee, the Trustee. The U.S. Department of Treasury through DOI deposits the advance payment of MFRs into the GVI Restricted Account in September.

On April 6, 2022, the Corporation paid \$763.0 million of bond proceeds to the Refunding Escrow Agent of the Public Finance Authority as part of a plan to defease the outstanding Matching Fund Bonds issued by the Public Finance Authority.

# Notes to Financial Statements

The Corporation also paid the Public Finance authority the initial payment under the GERS Funding Note of \$89.2 million and the costs of issuance of establishing the GERS Funding Note of \$1.6 million.

Pursuant to the Act and the Master Indenture, the Series 2022 Bonds are secured by a first priority lien in the Trust Estate consisting of the right, title and interest of the Corporation in the GVI Restricted Account, MFRs and Related Rights, and the right to continue receiving MFRs under the Sale Agreement. The Trust Estate does not include any moneys held in the Residual Escrow accounts.

### 7. Matching Fund Receipts

On September 9, 2022, the U.S. Treasury deposited the advance payment rum federal excise tax of \$226.2 million into the GVI Restricted Account. On the same day this amount was transferred to the Corporation's Matching Receipts Account. Of the amount received \$10.1 million was deposited into the Debt Service Fund Interest Account, \$330 thousand was deposited into the Operating Account, and \$215.7 million was deposited into the Residual Fund and immediately transferred to the Residual Escrow Fund of the Government.

### 8. Related Party Transactions

For the period from April 6, 2022 to September 30, 2022, the Corporation owed \$154.5 thousand in management fees and \$68.8 thousand in cost of issuance reimbursements to the Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority.

### 9. Contingencies

### Debt Service

The payment of the Series 2022A and Series 2022B Term Bonds is dependent on the receipt of MFRs. The federal excise tax and the federal excise tax per proof gallon (the "Cover-Over Rate") is set by Congress in Sections 5001(a)(1) and 7652(f) of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Until 1984, a cover-over rate of \$13.50 per proof gallon on distilled spirits produced in, or imported into, the United States, qualified for reimbursement. Beginning in 1984, Congress introduced a cap on the cover-over rate of \$10.50 per gallon. From July 1, 1999, to December 31, 2021, the cap on the cover-over rate was increased to \$13.25. In September 2021, DOI advanced MFRs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, based on the projected cover-over rate of \$13.25. Congress has not acted to continue the increase in the cover-over rate cap, which returned to \$10.50 per proof gallon effective January 1, 2022.

The amount of MFRs collected is dependent on many factors, including the future level of consumption of distilled spirits and the future market share to be garnered by U.S. Virgin Islands rum. Currently, rum is produced in the U.S. Virgin Islands by two companies. There can be no assurance that another producer will not enter the market or that the two companies will maintain their current and planned production levels.

Rum producers in the U.S. Virgin Islands are subject to operational risks including hurricanes, seismic activity and other effects of climate change that may impact rum production and exportation to the United States.

### Notes to Financial Statements

One of the principal ingredients of rum is molasses, which is purchased on international commodity markets. The market price of molasses is subject to fluctuation and there is no assurance that molasses will be available for production or available at a commercially viable price.

The Series 2022 Matching Fund Securitization Bonds are payable only from the assets of the Corporation. In the event that the assets of the Corporation are inadequate or have been exhausted, no amounts will be available for the payment of debt service requirements. The Series 2022 Bonds are not legal or moral obligations of the Government of the United States Virgin Islands, and no recourse may be had thereto for payment of amounts owing on the Series 2022A Term Bonds. The Corporation's only source of funds for payments on the Series 2022A Term Bonds is the MFRs. The Corporation has no taxing power.

The assets of the Corporation are not available to pay any creditor of the Government of the United States Virgin Islands. The Bonds issued by the Corporation do not constitute a claim against the full faith, credit or taxing power of the Government.

### 10. Subsequent Events

#### Management's Evaluation

Management has evaluated any events or transactions occurring after September 30, 2022, the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet date, through April 26, 2024 and noted that there have been no additional events or transactions which would require adjustments to or disclosure in the Corporation's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards



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## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors

Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major fund information of the Matching Fund Special Purpose Securitization Corporation (the "Corporation"), a blended component unit of the Government of U.S. Virgin Islands, from April 6, 2022 (Inception) to September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon April 26, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



April 26, 2024