

Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (a blended component unit of the

(a blended component unit of the Government of the United States Virgin Islands)
Management's Discussion and Analysis and Basic Financial Statements
September 30, 2005 and 2004



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 254 Muñoz Rivera Avenue BBVA Tower, 9th Floor Hato Rey PR 00918 Telephone (787) 754 9090 Facsimile (787) 766 1094

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation

In our opinion, the accompanying statements of net assets and governmental fund balance sheet, the related statements of activities and governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and statements of fiduciary net assets present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the debt service fund and the fiduciary fund of the Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (a blended component unit of the Government of the United States Virgin Islands) at September 30, 2005 and 2004 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 6 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

espera LLP

February 13, 2006

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
September 30, 2005 and 2004

The Board of Directors of the Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") is pleased to present the following discussion and analysis of the Corporation's financial performance during the fiscal years that ended on September 30, 2005 and 2004. For discussion and analysis purposes, comparative information for 2003 has also been included. Please note this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and their accompanying notes, which follow this section.

The Corporation

The Corporation was formed in September, 2001. On November 1, 2001, the Corporation entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with the Government of the U.S. Virgin Islands to purchase the rights, title, and interest in Tobacco Settlement fund litigation awards for the amount of \$18.4 million, under the Master Settlement Agreement (the "MSA"). The MSA was entered into on November 23, 1998, among the Attorneys General of 46 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (collectively the "settling states") and the four largest United States tobacco manufacturers: Philip Morris Incorporated, R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corporation, and Lorillard Tobacco Company (collectively the "Original Participating Manufacturers" or "OPMs"). The MSA provides for other tobacco companies, referred to as "Subsequent Participating Manufacturers" or "SPMs" to become parties to the MSA. The four OPMs together with over 30 SPMs are referred to as the "Participating Manufacturers" or "PMs". The MSA resolved cigarette smoking-related litigation among the Settling States and the PMs, released the PMs from past and present smoking-related claims by the Settling States, and provides for a continuing release of future smoking-related claims in exchange for certain payments to be made to the Settling States. The MSA also provides for the imposition of certain tobacco advertising and marketing restrictions, among other things. The Corporation is not a party to the MSA.

Initial Payments under the MSA to the settling states were received from 1999 to 2003. Annual Payments under the MSA are required if the cigarette market share increases higher than the 1998 level or 125% of the 1997 level. Annual Payments due on April 15, commenced in 2000, and continue in perpetuity. In addition to Initial and Annual Payments, participating eigarette manufacturers are required to make Strategic Contribution Fund Payments in the amount of \$861 million annually on April 15, in the years of 2008 through 2017. Each type of payment under MSA is contingent upon future volume of cigarette sales, inflation adjustments, final legal adjustments, upon settlement with the four states and other United States jurisdictions not participating in the agreement, and various offsets for miscalculated or disputed payments with the parties. The Government of the Virgin Islands' share of the MSA was .0173593% of Initial and Annual Payments, and .1800232% of Strategic Contribution Fund Payments. In addition, the ability of the PMs to make the tobacco settlement payments is contingent upon many other influences. There have been several multi-million, and a few multibillion, dollar verdicts against the tobacco companies in the recent years. Additionally, there are certain consumer groups that have introduced litigation against the tobacco manufacturers asserting that the MSA violates certain provisions of the United States Constitution, federal antitrust laws, and others. The Corporation received \$1.1 million in the fiscal years ended September 30, 2005, and September 30, 2004, and \$1.6 million during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003.

On November 20, 2001, the Corporation issued \$21.7 million aggregate principal amount of Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation Asset-Backed Bonds (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are secured by, and payable from, collections—including all Tobacco Settlement Revenues (the "TSRs") to be received by the Corporation, reserves, amounts held in other accounts established by the indenture, and the Corporation's rights under the purchase agreement. The proceeds were used for the purpose of purchasing all rights, title, and interest in

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certain litigation awards under the MSA entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers and providing funds for hospital and healthcare projects in the United States Virgin Islands.

As of September 30, 2005, there remained outstanding \$21.9 million of the debt originally issued by the Corporation; as of September 30, 2004 and 2003, there were \$22.3 million and \$22.6 million outstanding respectively. These decreases have been due to the repayment and partial turbo redemption of the bonds payable outstanding.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's basic financial statements. The Corporation's basic financial statements consist of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) governmental fund financial statements, 3) statement of fiduciary net assets, and 4) notes to the financial statements. Due to the single-purpose nature of the activities of the Corporation, the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements have been presented together with an adjustments column reconciling the differences.

- The Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet includes all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets), and the obligations to Corporation creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the Corporation, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Corporation. The Statement of Net Assets column reports information about the Corporation using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies (accrual basis of accounting) and presents all assets and liabilities of the Corporation—both current and long-term. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet focuses on the Corporation's balances of spendable resources available for the payment of Governmental expenditures including payment of Debt Service requirements at the end of the fiscal year. The government-wide financial statements are prepared on an economic resources method and the accrual basis of accounting.
- All of the current year's activity is accounted for in the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. These statements measure the success of the Corporation's operations over the past year and can be used to determine the Corporation's ability to meet its financial objectives and credit-worthiness. The Statement of Activities column presents information on how the Corporation's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The current year's Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets reports fiduciary funds held in an agency capacity for the benefit of the Government of the Virgin Islands related to hospital and healthcare projects for residents of the United States Virgin Islands. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the Corporation's own programs. Agency funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus on a full accrual basis and only present a statement of assets and liabilities.

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Summary of Financial Results

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets--Table 1 summarizes the Corporation's Statement of Net Assets for the periods ending September 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003.

Table 1: Summary of Statement of Net Assets

		September 2005	September 2004		September 2003
Restricted assets	\$	3,282,141	\$ 3,338,612	\$	3,240,939
Other assets		1,848,454	2,280,396		2,697,282
Total assets	\$	5,130,595	\$ 5,619,008	\$	5,938,221
Current liabilities	S	102,261	\$ 156,501	\$	107,694
Bonds payable		21,940,000	22,310,000		22,645,000
Other liabilities		4,509	4,509		4,509
Total liabilities	\$	22,046,770	\$ 22,471,010	\$	22,757,203
Total net assets		(16,916,175)	(16,852,002)	····	(16,818,982)

For fiscal year 2005, the Corporation's assets amounted to \$5.1 million, of which \$2.5 million represented restricted investments and approximately \$827 thousand represented accrued TSRs which have been also restricted; and total liabilities amounted to \$22 million, of which 21.9 million are bonds payable. The decrease in total assets has been mainly due to the amortization of serial bond accretion and bond issuance costs and payment of interest expense and turbo tax redemptions which have been partially offset by TSRs and investment return. The liabilities decreased due to the turbo tax redemptions during the year. For fiscal year 2004, the Corporation's assets amounted to \$5.6 million, of which \$2.5 million represented restricted investments and approximately \$827 thousand represented accrued TSRs which have been also restricted; and total liabilities amounted to \$22.5 million, of which \$22.3 million are bonds payable. The decrease in total assets has been mainly due to the amortization of serial bond accretion and bond issuance costs which has been partially offset by the investing of returns on the corporation's investment. In Fiscal year 2003, the Corporation's assets amounted to \$5.9 million, of which \$2.4 million represented restricted investments and approximately \$827 thousand represented accrued TSRs which have been also restricted; and total liabilities amounted to \$22.8 million, of which \$22.6 million were bonds payable.

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Statement of Activities--Table 2 summarizes the Corporation's Statement of Activities for the periods ending September 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003.

Table 2: Summary of Statement of Activities

	·	September 2005	September 2004	 September 2003
General and program revenues Expenses	\$	1,172,363 1,236,536	\$ 1,187,790 1,220,810	\$ 1,670,655 1,511,173
Change in net assets	\$	(64,173)	\$ (33,020)	\$ 159,482
Net assets - beginning of year		(16,852,002)	 (16,818,982)	\$ (16,978,464)
Net assets - end of year		(16,916,175)	\$ (16,852,002)	\$ (16,818,982)

For Fiscal Year 2005, general revenues of \$1.2 million reflect the receipt of \$1.1 million in TSRs, along with investment earnings of approximately \$78 thousand. The Corporation's expenses primarily included interest expense of approximately \$704 thousand, general and administrative expenses of approximately \$100 thousand, accretion expense of \$335 thousand and amortization expense of bond discount and issuance costs of approximately \$97 thousand. Operational results in Fiscal Year 2005 are consistent with Fiscal Year 2004.

In Fiscal Year 2004, general revenues of \$1.2 million reflect the receipt of \$1.1 million in TSRs, and investment earnings of approximately \$86 thousand. The Corporation's expenses primarily included interest expense of approximately \$721 thousand, general and administrative expenses of \$83 thousand, accretion expense of \$320 thousand and amortization expense of bond discount and issuance costs of \$97 thousand. The decrease in Fiscal Year 2004 operating results is mainly due to reduced returns from the Corporation's investments coupled with increasing operating expenses. The decrease in revenues during 2004 is due to the fact that the "Initial Payments" pursuant to the MSA agreement consisted of four annual payments, the last payment was received in 2003 (Annual payments commenced in the year 1999).

In Fiscal Year 2003, general revenues of \$1.7 million reflect the receipt of \$1.6 million in TSRs, and investment earnings of approximately \$94 thousand. The Corporation's expenses included interest expense of approximately \$761 thousand, general and administrative expenses of \$27 thousand, accretion expense of \$305 thousand, and amortization expense of bond discount and issuance costs of \$97 thousand, and a transfer to the Tobacco Fiduciary Fund of \$321 thousand.

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Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet--Table 3 summarizes the Corporation's Balance Sheet for the periods ending September 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003.

Table 3: Summary of Governmental Fund Balance Sheet

	S	September 2005		September 2004		eptember 2003
Restricted assets	\$	2,455,520	\$	2,511,991	_\$	2,414,318
Total assets	\$	2,455,520	\$	2,511,991	\$	2,414,318
Total liabilities	\$	106,770	\$	161,010		112,203
Total fund balance	\$	2,348,750	\$	2,350,981	\$	2,302,115

In Fiscal Year 2005, the Corporation's assets, as reported on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, amounted to \$2.5 million, of which \$2.5 million are restricted investments. Total liabilities amounted to approximately \$107 thousand. For Fiscal Year 2004, the Corporation's assets, as reported on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, amounted to \$2.5 million, which are restricted investments. Total liabilities amounted to approximately \$161 thousand. For Fiscal Year 2003, the Corporation's assets amounted to \$2.4 million, which were restricted investments. Total liabilities amounted to approximately \$112 thousand. The decrease in assets during 2005 is due to the decrease in interest earned on investments and due to an increase in operational expenses. The decrease in liabilities is mainly due to the repayments of amounts due to a related company.

Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance--Table 4 summarizes the Corporation's Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the periods ending September 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003.

Table 4: Summary of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

	S	September 2005	S	September 2004	5	September 2003
General and program revenues Expenses	\$	1,172,363 1,174,594	\$	1,187,790 1,138,924	\$	1,670,655 2,148,691
Excess of revenues (expenses)	\$	(2,231)	\$	48,866	\$	(478,036)
Fund balance: Beginning of year	\$	2,350,981	_\$	2,302,115	\$	2,780,151
Fund balance: End of year	\$	2,348,750	\$	2,350,981	\$	2,302,115

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

September 30, 2005 and 2004

General and program revenues for the year ending September 30, 2005, of \$1.2 million reflect the receipt of \$1.1 million in TSRs, and investment earnings of approximately \$78 thousand. The Corporation's expenses included \$370 thousand for bond principal expense, interest expense of \$704 thousand, and \$100 thousand for general and administrative expenses. There were no significant changes from the prior year. An increase in general and administrative expenses occurred due to higher expenses in managing the Corporation and a reduction in interest expense due to the effect of prior year bond payable principal repayments.

For the year ending September 30, 2004, general and program revenues of \$1.2 million reflect receipt \$1.1 million in TSRs and investment earnings of approximately \$86 thousand. The Corporation's expenses included \$335 thousand for bond principal expense, \$721 thousand for interest expense, and \$83 thousand for general and administrative expenses. There were no significant changes from the prior year. An increase in general and administrative expenses occurred due to higher expenses in managing the Corporation and a reduction in interest expense due to the effect of prior year bond payable principal repayments.

For the year ending September 30, 2003, general and program revenues of \$1.7 million reflect receipt of \$1.6 million in TSRs, and investment earnings of approximately \$94 thousand. The Corporation's expenses included \$1.0 million for bond principal expense, \$761 thousand for interest expense, \$27 thousand for general and administrative expenses, and a transfer to the Tobacco Fiduciary Fund of \$321 thousand.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets--Table 5 summarizes the Corporation's Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets for the periods ended September 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003.

Table 5: Summary of Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

	S	September 2005		September 2004	5	September 2003
Restricted assets Total assets	\$	4,092,221 4,092,221	<u>\$</u>	10,695,760	\$	14,794,308 14,794,308
Noncurrent liabilities	\$	4,092,221	\$	10,695,760	\$	14,794,308
Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$	4,092,221	\$	10,695,760	\$	14,794,308

The Corporation's restricted investments consist of investments held on behalf of the Government of the Virgin Islands for healthcare projects consistent with the single purpose for which it was created. The decrease in total assets is due to payments made on behalf on the government for the construction and program costs of healthcare projects.

At the end of Fiscal Year 2005, the liabilities consisted of \$4.1 million Due to Government of the Virgin Islands.

For Fiscal Year 2004, the liabilities consisted of \$10.7 million Due to Government of the Virgin Islands. For Fiscal Year 2003, the liabilities consisted of \$14.8 million Due to Government of the Virgin Islands. The reduction in liabilities is due to payment of construction and program costs for healthcare facilities.

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Long-Term Debt Activity

The Bonds issued by the Corporation are thirty-year obligations scheduled to retire in ordinary course on May 15, 2031. However, under early redemption provisions, particularly Turbo Redemptions, any MSA payments exceeding annual debt service requirements of the Bonds must be applied to early redemption of principal. TSRs and earnings on the trust funds during the fiscal years ending September 30, 2005 through 2003, resulted in Turbo Redemptions of \$345 thousand on May 16, 2005, \$25 thousand on November 15, 2004, \$310 thousand on May 17, 2004, \$25 thousand on November 15, 2003, \$520 thousand on May 15, 2003, and \$520 thousand on November 15, 2002.

Because the Corporation has pledged all future TSRs to the Bonds currently outstanding until those Bonds have been retired, the Corporation cannot issue additional debt without effecting a refunding of currently outstanding Bonds. Presently, the Corporation has no plans to undertake any transaction that would result in an increase in currently outstanding debt. The Corporation monitors market conditions for circumstances conducive to undertaking a refunding transaction that would result in savings of interest expense over time. No such conditions arose during the fiscal years of 2005, 2004, or 2003.

Significant Currently-Known Facts

The following are currently known facts that could have a potential significant effect on financial position and changes in financial position in future years:

Payment Collections

On November 23, 1998, participating cigarette manufacturers, entered into a Master Settlement Agreement with 46 states and five other jurisdictions. The remaining four states settled previously under separate agreements. The Master Settlement Agreement provides for Tobacco Settlement payments in exchange for a release from claims. Tobacco Settlement payments consist of Initial Payments received through 2003; Annual Payments, to be made on April 15, continuing in perpetuity; and Strategic Contribution Payments, to be made on April 15, 2008, continuing annually through 2017.

Payments may vary based on inflation adjustments, volume adjustments of cigarette sales, litigation adjustments from non-settling states, offsets for miscalculated or disputed payments, federal tobacco legislation offsets, litigation releasing parties offsets, and offsets for claims over the amounts of the award.

The ability of the Corporation to make debt service payments on bonds is contingent upon the receipt of Tobacco Settlement payments. The bonds issued by the Corporation do not constitute a claim against the full faith, credit, or taxing powers of the Government of the Virgin Islands.

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Contacting the Corporation

This financial report is designed to provide bond holders with a general overview of the Corporation's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Corporation:

Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation #24 Honduras, Frenchtown St. Thomas, V1 00802 340-714-1635

Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation
(a blended component unit of The Government of the United States Virgin Islands)
Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet September 30, 2005

	Debt Service Fund and Total Government Fund		A(ljustments	Statement of Net Assets	
Assets						
Current assets:					_	
Restricted investments	\$	2,455,520		007 (0)	\$	2,455,520
Accrued tobacco settlement revenues		0.455.500		826,621	,	826,621
Total current assets		2,455,520		826,621		3,282,141
Noncurrent assets:						
Serial bond accretion, net				763,908		763,908
Bond issuance costs, net				992,150		992,150
Original issue discount, net				92,396		92,396
Total noncurrent assets		-		1,848,454		1,848,454
Total assets	\$	2,455,520	\$	2,675,075	\$	5,130,595
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accrued expenses payable Total current liabilities		102,261 102,261				102,261 102,261
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Bonds payable				21,940,000		21,940,000
Other liabilities		4,509				4,509
Total noncurrent liabilities	***************************************	4,509	***************************************	21,940,000		21,944,509
Total liabilities		106,770		21,940,000		22,046,770
Fund Balance/Net Assets Fund balance: Reserved for debt service		2,348,750		(2,348,750)		-
			***************************************		,	
Total fund balance		2,348,750		(2,348,750)		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	<u>2,455,520</u>				
Net assets: Restricted assets				(16,916,175)		(16,916,175)
Total net assets			\$	(16,916,175)	\$	(16,916,175)

Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation
(a blended component unit of The Government of the United States Virgin Islands)
Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet September 30, 2004

	Debt Service Fund and Total Government Fund		Fund and Total		Statement of Net Assets		
Assets							
Current assets:							
Restricted investments	\$	2,511,991			\$	2,511,991	
Accrued tobacco settlement revenues				826,621		826,621	
Total current assets		2,511,991	·····	826,621	·	3,338,612	
Noncurrent assets:							
Serial bond accretion, net				1,098,484		1,098,484	
Bond issuance costs, net			•	1,081,221		1,081,221	
Original issue discount, net		_		100,691		100,691	
Total noncurrent assets		-		2,280,396		2,280,396	
Total assets	\$	2,511,991	\$	3,107,017	\$	5,619,008	
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accrued expenses payable Due to U.S. Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:		48,807 107,694 156,501	***************************************			48,807 107,694 156,501	
Bonds payable				22,310,000		22,310,000	
Other liabilities		4,509				4,509	
Total noncurrent liabilities	>	4,509		22,310,000		22,314,509	
Total liabilities		161,010		22,310,000		22,471,010	
Fund Balance/Net Assets Fund balance: Reserved for debt service		2,350,981	***************************************	(2,350,981)			
Total fund balance		2,350,981		(2,350,981)		_	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,511,991			***************************************		
Net assets: Restricted assets				(16,852,002)		(16,852,002)	
Vernician specie			***************************************		-	A	
Total net assets			\$	(16,852,002)	\$	(16,852,002)	

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Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended September 30, 2005

	Fun	bt Service d and Total rnment Fund	Adjustments	S:	tatement of Activities
General and Program Revenues					
Tobacco settlement revenues	\$	1,094,229		\$	1,094,229
Interest income:					
Cash & investments		78,134			78,134
Total general and program revenues		1,172,363			1,172,363
General and Program Expenses					
General and administrative expenses		100,219			100,219
Bond principal expense		370,000	(370,000)		
Bond interest expense		704,375			704,375
Accretion expense			334,576		334,576
Amortization expense			97,366		97,366
Total general and program expenses		1,174,594	61,942		1,236,536
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses		(2,231)	2,231		
Change in net assets			(64,173)		(64,173)
Fund Balance/Net Assets					
Beginning of year		2,350,981	(19,202,983)		(16,852,002)
Ending of year	\$	2,348,750	\$ (19,264,925)	\$	(16,916,175)

Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (a blended component unit of The Government of the United States Virgin Islands) Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and **Changes in Fund Balance September 30, 2004**

	Fur	ebt Service ad and Total ernment Fund	A	djustments	S	tatement of Activities
General and Program Revenues						
Tobacco settlement revenues	\$	1,102,161			\$	1,102,161
Interest income:						
Cash & investments		85,629				85,629
Total general and program revenues		1,187,790	****			1,187,790
General and Program Expenses						
General and administrative expenses		82,799				82,799
Bond principal expense		335,000		(335,000)		
Bond interest expense		721,125				721,125
Accretion expense				319,520		319,520
Amortization expense				97,366		97,366
Total general and program expenses		1,138,924		81,886		1,220,810
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses		48,866		(48,866)		
Change in net assets				(33,020)		(33,020)
Fund Balance/Net Assets						
Beginning of year	***************************************	2,302,115		(19,121,097)		(16,818,982)
Ending of year	_\$	2,350,981	\$	(19,202,983)	\$	(16,852,002)

Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (a blended component unit of The Government of the United States Virgin Islands) Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

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Total liabilities

	Agency Funds					
	2005		2004			
Assets						
Restricted investments	4,09	2,221	10,695,760			
Total assets	\$ 4,09	2,221 \$	10,695,760			
Liabilities						
Due to Government of the U.S. Virgin Islands	4,09	2,221	10,695,760			

4,092,221

10,695,760

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1. Reporting Entity

The Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") is a special-purpose, independent, instrumentality of the United States Virgin Islands, created by Virgin Islands Act No. 6428 for the purposes of managing the tobacco settlement program by (i) purchasing all rights, title, and interest in certain litigation awards under the Master Settlement Agreement entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers, (ii) issuing Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds to pay the purchase price for the rights, and (iii) providing funds for hospital and healthcare projects in the United States Virgin Islands. The Board of Directors consists of three members: the Governor, and two independent members—one appointed by the governor and one appointed by the legislature.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Ceneral

In its accounting and financial reporting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Corporation follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted, standard-setting, body for establishing governmental accounting principles and reporting standards. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board No. 20, the Corporation follows all Financial Accounting Standard Board pronouncements (FASB's) and certain other pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with GASB standards. In accordance with paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No. 20, the Authority has elected to follow all non-conflicting FASB and other pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. Basic financial statements are issued annually by the Corporation.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements/New Accounting Standard Adopted

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) do not provide information by fund or account group.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with the Corporation's program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or benefit from the services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Unrestricted interest income and Tobacco Settlement Rights not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

In addition to the government-wide financial statements, the Corporation has prepared financial statements for the Corporation's only governmental fund. Governmental fund financial statements continue to use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Accordingly, the accounting and financial reporting of the fund financial statements is similar to that previously presented in the Corporation's financial statements. Due to the single-purpose nature of the activities of the Corporation, the government-wide and fund financial statements have been presented together with an adjustments column reconciling the

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differences. In addition, the financial statements of the Corporation's Fiduciary (agency) fund are separately presented.

The GASB has issued Technical Bulletin No. 2004-1, *Tobacco Settlement Recognition and Financial Reporting Entity Issues*, dated April, 2004, and effective for periods ending after June 15, 2004, which clarifies guidance based on the *financial accountability* criteria in GASB Statement 14, as to whether Tobacco Corporations should be considered component units of a Government and should be included in a Government's financial reporting entity by blending or discrete presentation due to the *exclusive benefit* criterion also in Statement 14.

The Technical Bulletin also discusses how tobacco settlement assets and revenues are to be recognized, and notes that the Participating Tobacco Manufacturers' obligations to make the Annual Payments in perpetuity depend upon the volume of tobacco products shipped domestically; therefore, assets and revenues related to these payments should not be recognized until the obligation has been met, or in other words, until the tobacco has been shipped.

It also discusses the reporting of debt issuances and payments by the Corporation to the Government, which should be recognized as an expense or liability during the period in which the liability for the bonds is recognized.

The Corporation early adopted Technical Bulletin 2004-1 in Fiscal Year 2003, and accrued an estimate of the 2005, 2004 and 2003 TSRs calculated at \$827 thousand based upon prior payments as well as expected tobacco settlement payments related to the 2005 calendar year.

Effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2004, GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3, provides guidance for disclosing investments that have fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are considered measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Corporation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Fiduciary financial statements are reported on a full accrual basis and only present a statement of assets and liabilities. The Corporation has one Agency fund, the Tobacco Settlement Healthcare and Capital Improvement Fund, for capital improvement funds held for the Government of the U.S. Virgin Islands and for which assets reflected as restricted in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets. The fund is used by the Government of the United States Virgin Islands to provide funds for hospital and healthcare projects for the residents of the United States Virgin Islands.

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The future collection of Tobacco Settlement Revenue (TSRs) is dependent on many factors, including future cigarette consumption including the domestic shipment of cigarettes (sales). As such, the future collection of TSR due to future sales is not reasonably estimable and is not recorded as an asset in either the government-wide financial statements or the governmental fund financial statements as the funds are not yet available and such sale have not occurred.

The Corporation reports one governmental fund—the Debt Service Fund. As a blended component unit of the U.S. Virgin Islands Government, the government-wide financial statements are combined into the basic financial statements of the U.S. Virgin Islands Government. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date acquired by the Corporation.

Investments

Under GASB Statement 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for Most External Investments Pools, the Corporation reports investments at fair value in the balance sheet and changes in the fair value in the statement of income. Investments are recorded on the statement of net assets and the balance sheet at fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

Taxes

The Corporation is exempt from the payment of all U.S. Virgin Islands taxes on all assets and income of the corporation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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3. Restricted Investments

The Corporation maintains restricted investments for the purpose of Debt Service. The Corporation also manages the Tobacco Settlement Health Care & Capital Improvement Fund for the Government of the Virgin Islands in an agency capacity. Restricted investments at September 30, 2005 and 2004 were as follows:

Debt Service Fund:

	200)5	20	04
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity	Fair Value	Maturity
Money Market Fund	328,904		353,114	
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	1,774,963	11/09/05	1,782,000	11/10/2004
Repurchase Agreement	351,653	5/15/31	376,877	5/15/2005
Debt service reserve	\$ 2,455,520		\$2,511,991	

Tobacco Settlement Health Care and Capital Improvement Fund (Agency Fund):

	2005	2004
	Fair Value	Fair Value
Money Market Fund	4,092,221	\$ 10,695,760
Agency Fund	\$ 4,092,221	\$ 10,695,760

Activity in the agency fund for 2005 and 2004 consisted of the following:

	2005	2004		
Investments: Beginning of year	10,695,760	14,794,308		
Disbursements for capital projects	(7,185,432)	(4,200,630)		
Earnings	581,893	102,082		
Investments: End of year	\$ 4,092,221	\$ 10,695,760		

Interest Rate Risk. The Corporation does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair market value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Authorizing legislation of the Corporation does not limit investments by credit rating categories. The Corporation does not have an investment policy that limits its investment choices. At September 30, 2005, the Corporation's investment in money market funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service; the Corporation's investment in a Federal National Mortgage Association note was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Moody's

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Investors Service, and the Corporation's investment in a repurchase agreement was rated A- by Standard & Poor's and A3 by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Corporation places no limit on the amount that may be invested in one issuer.

Governmental Funds: At September 30, 2005, more than 5% of the Corporation's Governmental Fund investments were invested in: AIM Short Term Inv. Co. Treasury No. 2 Money Market Fund (13.4%), Federal National Mortgage Association note (72.3%), and a PSA Master Repurchase Agreement with Bayerische Bank (14.3%).

Agency Funds: At September 30, all agency fund investments were invested in AIM Short Term Inv. Co. Treasury No. 2 Money Market Fund (100%).

Custodial Credit Risk. The Corporation does not have a custodial credit risk policy. This is the risk that the Government will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2005 and 2004, all investments of the Corporation were held in the name of The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A, as Trustee for the Corporation.

4. Bonds Payable

On November 20, 2001, the Corporation issued the 2001 Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation Asset-Backed Bonds (Term and Capital Appreciation Bonds) amounting to \$23,685,000, with an issue value of \$21,709,862 net of accretion of \$1,975,138. The bonds are secured and payable from collections including all Tobacco Settlement Revenues to be received by the Corporation, reserves, amounts held in other accounts established by the indenture and the Corporation's rights under the purchase agreement. The proceeds have been used for the purpose of (i) purchasing all rights, title, and interest in certain litigation awards under the MSA entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers, (ii) issuing Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds to pay the purchase price for the rights, and (iii) providing funds for hospital and healthcare projects in the United States Virgin Islands.

Bonds payable at September 30, 2005 amounted to \$21,940,000. Bonds payable at September 30, 2004 amounted to \$22,310,000.

Interest on the 2001 bonds is five percent (5%) payable semi-annually on each May and November 15, beginning with May 2002 for the Term Bonds. The Corporation is responsible for all principal and interest payments on the bonds. The convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds will accrete interest prior to November 15, 2007 and will accrue interest subsequent to that date. Interest will compound on May and November 15. The Capital Appreciation Bonds shall be recorded at the nominal value with a separate restatement of accretion.

Interest paid during the year ended September 30, 2005, was \$704 thousand. Interest paid during the year ended September 30, 2004 was \$721 thousand.

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Future maturity dates and debt service requirements, for the Term Bonds and Capital Appreciation Bonds are as follows:

	SERIE	S 2001 BOND	S				
	I	Principal		Interest		Total	
2006		-		686,500		686,500	
2007		•		686,500		686,500	
2008		910,000		686,500		1,596,500	
2009		1,030,000		686,500		1,716,500	
2010		1,100,000		686,500		1,786,500	
2011-2015		5,170,000		3,432,500		8,602,500	
2016-2020		-		3,432,500		3,432,500	
2021-2025		5,685,000		2,295,500		7,980,500	
2026-2030		-		2,011,250		2,011,250	
2031	***************************************	8,045,000		402,250	*****	8,447,250	
	\$	21,940,000	\$	15,006,500	\$	36,946,500	

Other Information

The Series 2001 Tobacco Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to May 15, 2011. The Series 2001 Tobacco Bonds maturing after May 15, 2012, are redeemable at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Corporation has covenanted to apply 100% of any surplus collections under the MSA to the special mandatory par redemption of the Term Bonds in order of maturity.

"Turbo Redemptions" represent the requirement contained in the Indenture to apply 100% of all collections that are in excess of the requirements in the Indenture for the funding of the operating expenses; the deposits to the "Debt Service Account" for the funding of interest, sinking fund installments, and Term Bond maturities; maintenance of the Liquidity Reserve Account and the "Operating Contingency Account" (such excess, surplus collections); to the redemption of Series 2001 Term Bonds on each distribution date (each a Turbo Redemption Date) in ascending order of maturity. Such surplus collections will be deposited in an account established and maintained by the trustee under the Indenture (the Turbo Redemption Account). Turbo Redemptions will be credited against sinking fund installments for any particular Series 2001 Term Bonds in ascending order of sinking fund installment dates. Turbo Redemptions are not scheduled amortization payments and are to be made only from surplus collections, if any, and from amounts on deposit in the "Partial Lump-Sum Payment Account" with confirmation from each rating agency that no rating then in effect, with respect to the Series 2001 Term Bonds, from such rating agency will be withdrawn, reduced, or suspended. The Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation exercised its optional redemption on Term Bonds in the amounts of \$345 thousand in May 2005, \$25 thousand in November 2004, \$310 thousand in May 2004, \$25 thousand in November 2003, \$520 thousand in May 2003, and \$520 thousand in November 2002. Such redemptions have been recorded as bond expense in the Statement of Activities.

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5. Concentration of Credit Risk

The payment of the Series 2001 Term Bonds is dependent on the receipt of TSRs. The amount of TSRs collected is dependent on many factors, including cigarette consumption and the continued financial capability of the OPMs. Such bonds are secured by and payable solely from TSRs and investment earnings pledged under the Bond Indenture and amounts established and held in accordance with the Bond Indenture.

The Series 2001 Term Bonds are payable only from the assets of the Corporation. In the event that the assets of the Corporation have been exhausted, no amounts will thereafter be paid on the Series 2001 Term Bonds. The Series 2001 Term Bonds are not legal or moral obligations of the State, and no recourse may be had thereto for payment of amounts owing on the Series 2001 Term Bonds. The Corporation's only source of funds for payments on the Series 2001 Term Bonds is the TSRs. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Because of the many adjustments included in the MSA, it is not possible to know the exact future collections under the MSA.

6. Contingencies

The assets of the Corporation are not available to pay any creditor of the Government of the Virgin Islands. The Bonds issued by the Corporation do not constitute a claim against the full faith, credit and taxing power of the General Funds of the Government. The ability of the Corporation to meet debt service payments of bonds is contingent upon the receipt of Tobacco Settlement awards.

In addition, the ability of the PMs to make the tobacco settlement payments is contingent upon many other influences. There have been several multi-million, and a few multi-billion, dollar verdicts against the tobacco companies in the recent years. Additionally, there are certain consumer groups that have introduced litigation against the tobacco manufacturers asserting that the MSA violates certain provisions of the United States Constitution, federal antitrust laws, and others.